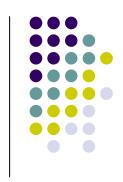


Environmental Technology Seminar 11.04.2014



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1. Introduction



MES R&D Activities 2009 - 2012

- 2.1 Development Outcome
- 2.2 THS (Turbo Hydraulic System)
- 2.3 What is EGS (Exhaust Separation System)?
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- 2.5 VPC (Variable Phase Cycle)

3. Latest R&D Activities / Low-carbon Fueled Engine

- 3.1 ME-GI (Electronically-controlled Dual Fuel Gas Injection Diesel Engine)
- 3.2 ME-LGI (Electronically-controlled Dual Fuel Liquid Gas Injection Diesel Engine)



International Shipping NOx, NOx and CO2 emissions



IMO emission legislation

the big challenge for international shipping

SOx : Regulation adopted

NOx : Regulation adopted

PM: Regulation under discussion

ECAs: Being expanded

GHGs

CO2 : Regulation adopted

Design Index EEDI

Operational Index EEOI

Economical instruments



More Environmentally-friendly Engine is Required!

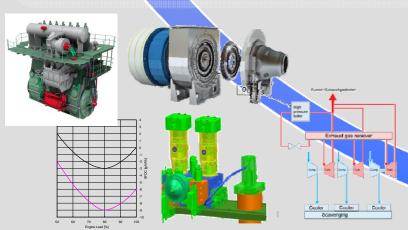


Outline of CO2 Reduction Technologies

EEDI-abatement measure

Improvement in engine efficiency Fuel consumption reduction

- Latest engine →dot2, Mk9, G type engine
- Derating
- Part load improvement of fuel efficiency
 - →dot3, VT, EGB, ECT, HPT
- Waste Heat Recovery
 - →THS



- Slowdown operation
- Waste Heat Recovery
 - → VPC



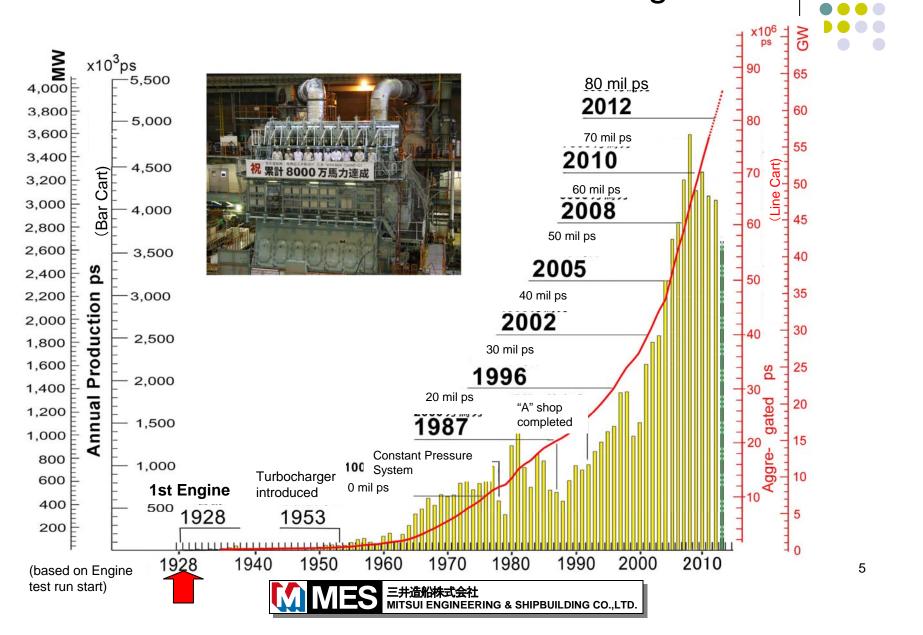


Fuel conversion (Low-carbon Fuel)

ME-GI / ME-LGI Engine



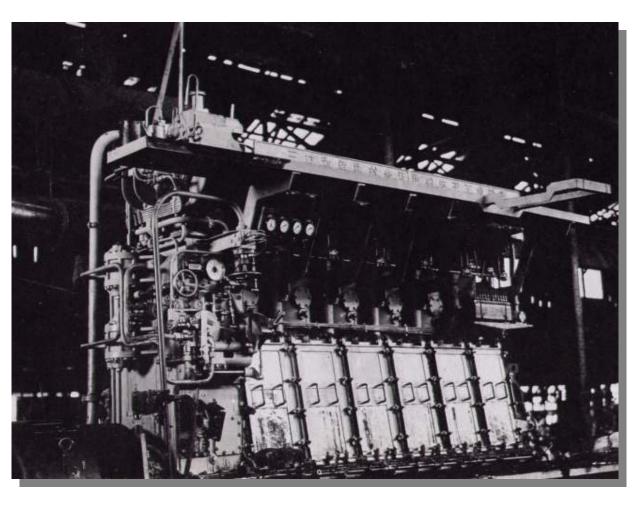
Production Results of MITSUI-MAN B&W Diesel Engine



Mitsui- B&W type First Engine 6125M

 $(950 \text{ BHP} \times 160 \text{ RPM})$





Installed in Mitsui-made ship

'Takamisan'

Latest engine

"6S50ME-B9"

output: 14,520

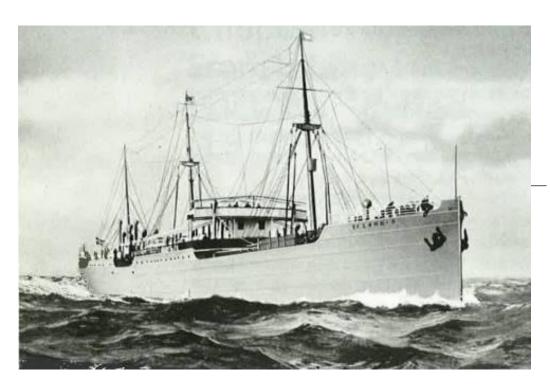
BHP

Bore/Stroke : 500/900 (mm)

15 times!! 6



Selandia changed the world



Selandia 1912

Steam engine
-> Diesel engine !!

Rudolf Diesel's test engine was completed in 1897

Selandia in 1912
The First Ocean Going Ship with Diesel Engine

Engine:
8cylinders / 4 stroke
2 x 1,250HP x 140rpm

Made by Burmeister & Wain in Denmark



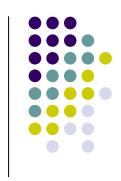
Gas- Fueled Low Speed Diesel Engine





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3. Latest R&D Activities / Low-carbon Fueled Engine

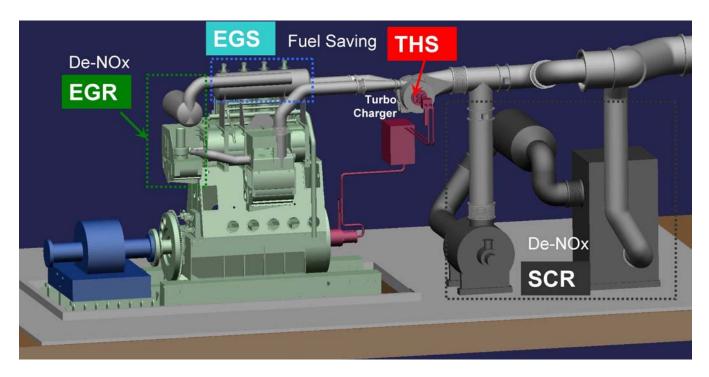
- 3.1 ME-GI (Electronically-controlled Dual Fuel Gas Injection Diesel Engine)
- 3.2 ME-LGI (Electronically-controlled Dual Fuel Liquid Gas Injection Diesel Engine)



2. MES R&D Activities 2009 - 2012

Development of fuel saving technology under complying with IMO NOx Tier III





The development of the technologies has been supported by the Ministry of Land, Infrastructure, Transport and Tourism and has been supported by Nippon Kaiji Kyokai (ClassNK) and the Nippon Foundation through a joint research scheme.



2.1 Development Outcome

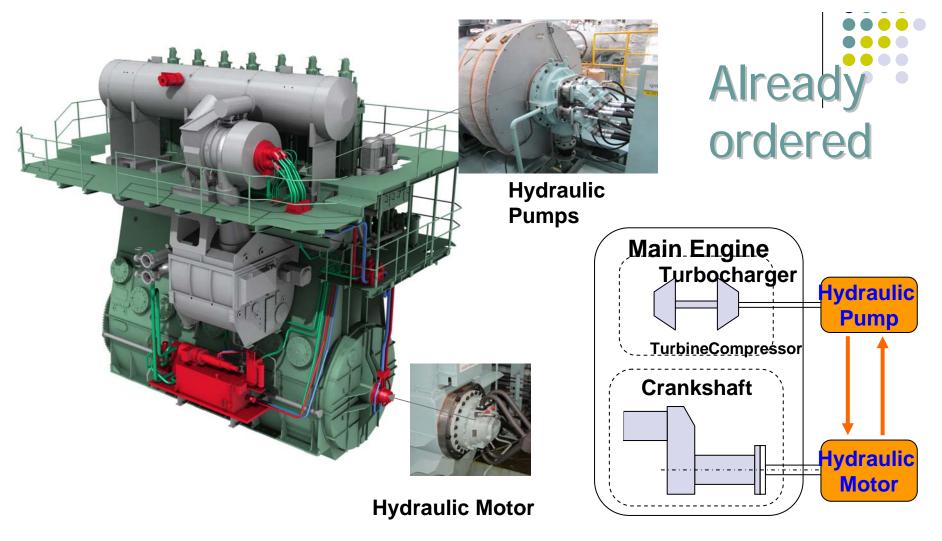


- under complying with NOx TierⅢ Regulation
- 5%: By applying WHR system "THS" and "EGS" under high load operation
- 2%: By applying EGR under low load operation

More than 20%: By applying ME-GI with gas fuel
 Establish gas injection system and safety system



2.2 THS (Turbo Hydraulic System)



Hydraulic pump: Take out excess energy of exhaust gas from Turbocharger Hydraulic motor: Assists rotation of crank shaft with recovered hydraulic power

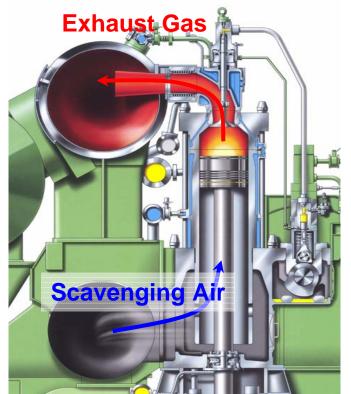


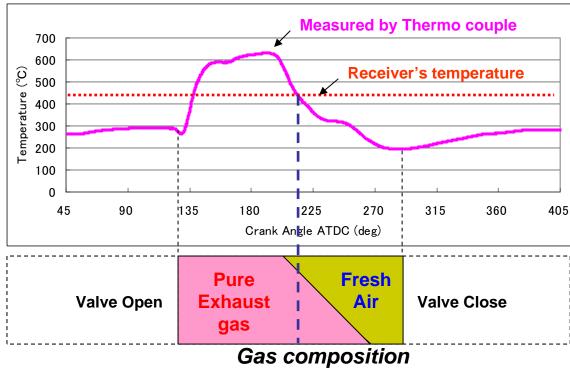
2.3 What is EGS?

EGS: Exhaust Gas Separation System









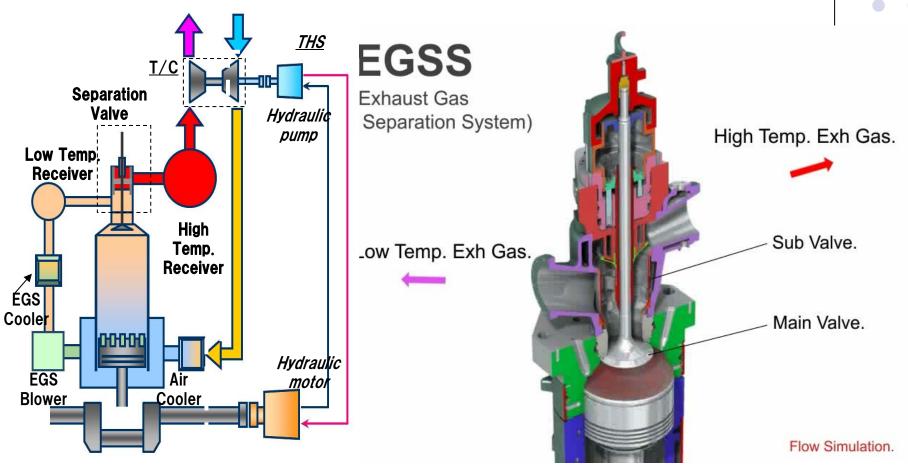
Averaged Temperature in Exhaust gas receiver decreased by mixing with fresh air

→Gas separation is effective for utilization of heat energy



How to Separate Exhaust Gas?

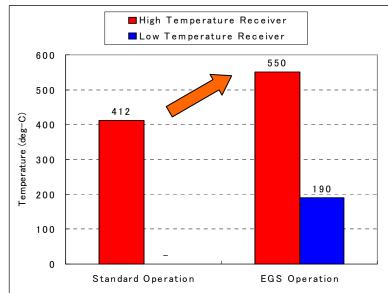


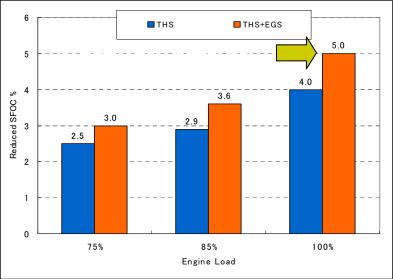


Cross section of separation valve



EGS Advantage





1. More energy can be recovered → MAX. 5%

2. T/C can be downsized By recirculation system of low temperature exhaust gas (similar to EGR)

3. Increased exh. gas temperature

- Downsized SCR system
- Possibility of increased heat recovery rate through boiler

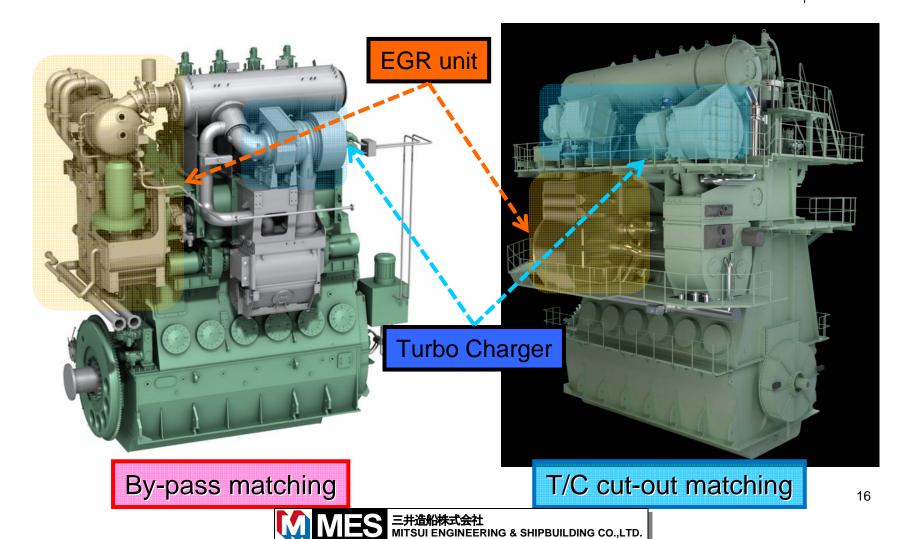




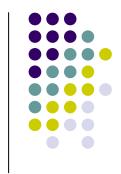
2.4 EGR (Exhaust Gas Re-circulation)

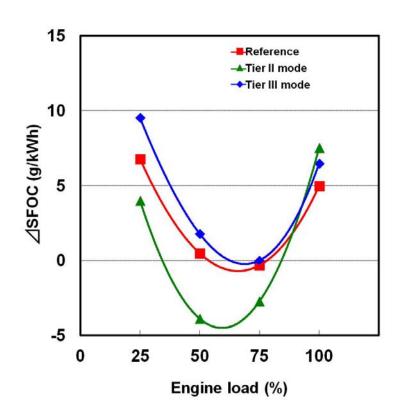
- Compliance with NOx Tier
- -Reduction of CO2 under NOx Tier II





EGR Advantage





EGR can reduce SFOC under Tier II by adjusted engine parameter



Full-scale test of EGR will be made on a actual vessel.

SFOC

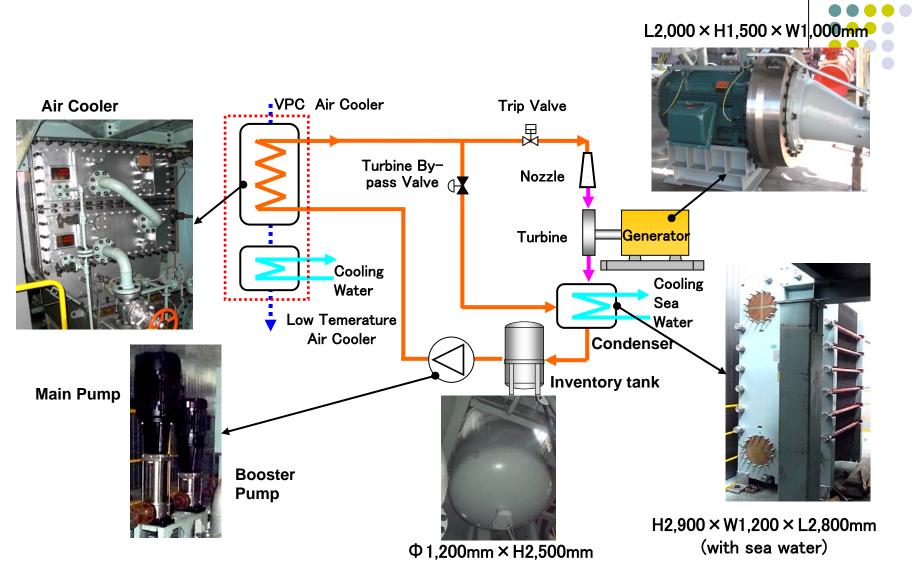
Tier III mode: 0 ~ 3 g/kWh up

Tier II mode: 3 ~ 5 g/kWh down

(Power of EGR blower is not included)



2.5 VPC (Variable Phase Cycle) System





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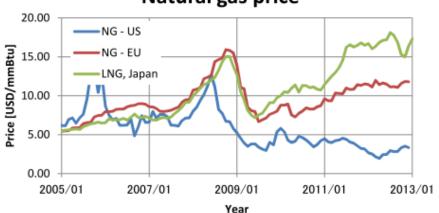
- 2. MES R&D Activities 2009 2012
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 - 3.2 ME-LGI (Electronically-controlled Dual Fuel Liquid Gas Injection Diesel Engine)



3.1.1 Why ME-GI?







Potential of Gas Burning Engines

- Increasing Natural gas demand
 Import of North American shale gas will
 be able to drastically reduce Natural gas price.
- Tightening of regulations (NOx, SOx, CO₂ emission regulations)

Natural gas: Environment-friendly fuel
(Sulphur free, CO₂ emission: more than 20% reduction against heavy fuel oil)

⇔ Price of low-sulphur-HFO may boost up

Adapting natural gas as marine engine fuel makes it possible to achieve both economical efficiency and global environment.

3.1.2 Operation History of ME-GI



1994 12K80MC-GI-S / MES



World's first low speed 2 stroke GI engine Total running hour: 20,000 hrs

2012 8S70ME-C8.2-GI / HHI



World's first commercial version ME-GI engine Type Approved by major classification societies

2011 4T50ME-GI-X / MDT



World's first low speed 2 stroke ME-GI engine Proto type

2013 6S70ME-C8.2-GI / MES



The latest commercial version ME-GI engine was demonstrated.

3.1.3 Orders of ME-GI



1st order



8L70ME-C8.2-GI for 3,100TEU Container Vessel 1st Vessel Delivery: Q4, 2015 (2+3 options)

3rd order



7S90ME-C10.2-GI for 3,600TEU Container Vessel 1st Vessel Delivery: Q3, 2018 (2+3 options)

2nd order



2 x 5G70ME-C9.2-GI for 173,400m³ LNG Carrier 1st Vessel Delivery: early 2016 (5+5 options)

4th order



8S50ME-B9.3-GI for 1,431TEU Container Vessel 1st Vessel Delivery: late 2015 (2+2 options)

3.1.3 Orders of ME-GI

Orders of ME-GI

5th order



8S70ME-C8.2-GI for 2,400TEU + 400 Vehicle ConRO Vessel

1st Vessel Delivery: Q2, 2017 (2)

ME-GI Conversion



2 x 7S70ME-C-GI for 260,000m³ LNG

Carrier

Start: April, 2015

Completion: June, 2015

The contract for the conversion of ME-C to ME-GI was established.

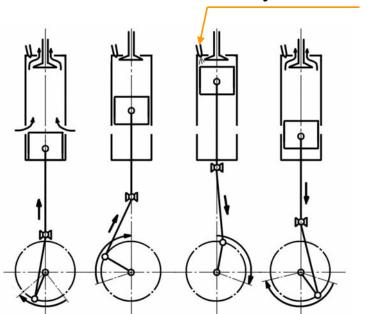
The first vessel to sail with ME-GI!

The service experience can be obtained in 2016!

3.1.4 Outline and Feature

- No knocking due to diffusive combustion (Diesel cycle)
- Unburnt HC (methane slip) emission significantly low
- Insensible to gas property change

Pilot fuel valve
Gas injection valve



1. Intake → Compression 2. Combustion → Exhaust stroke

The high pressure gas of 30MPa is injected in the cylinder.

Gas injection valve

Pilot fuel valve

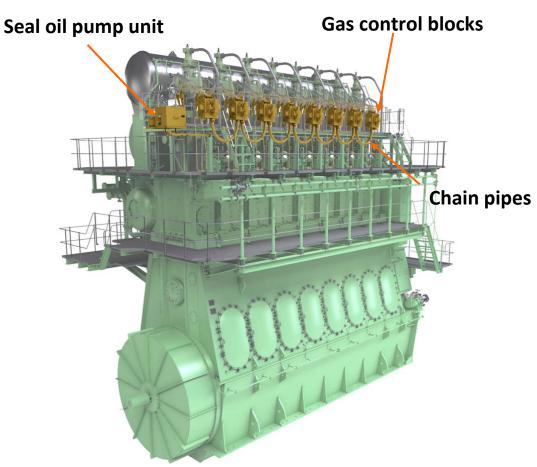
3.1.4 Outline and Feature

ME + GI

- Gas components are added on highly reliable ME engine.
- Gas components are installed mainly on the engine top platform area.





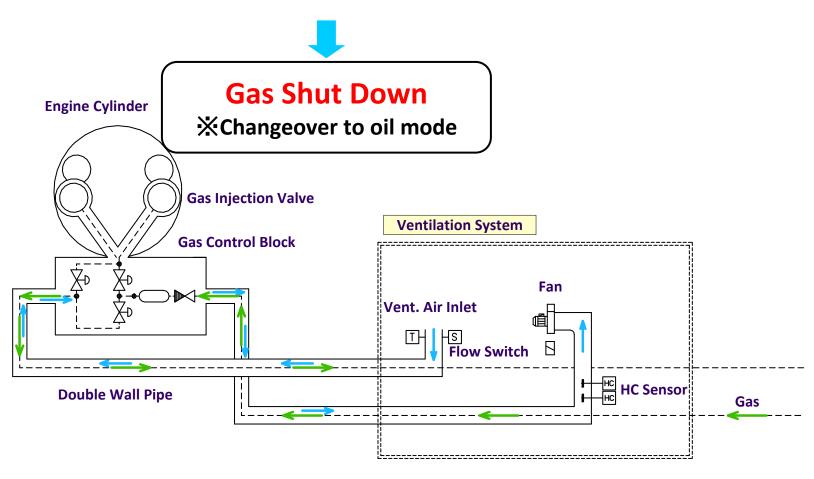


3.1.5 Safety System

Double Wall Pipe and Ventilation System

Gas leakage can be detected by HC (Hydro Carbon) sensor which is located at end of ventilation line.





Supervision of Gas Pressure & Cylinder Pressure

Gas Pressure

Function of gas injection valve and window valve is checked by monitoring gas pressure between gas injection valve and window valve.

- ✓ Gas leakage in gas injection valve or blow-off valve (pressure decrease)
- ✓ Gas leakage in window valve (pressure increase)
- √ Failure of pressure sensor

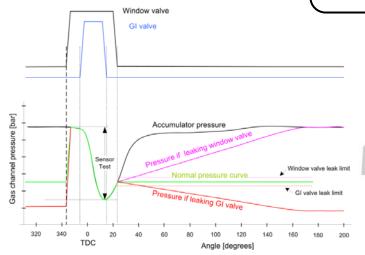
Cylinder Pressure

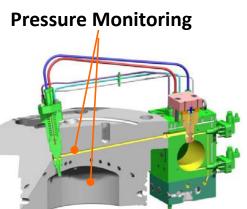
Misfiring and abnormal combustion can be detected by monitoring cylinder pressure.

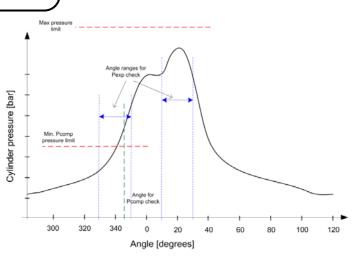
- ✓ Compression pressure, Low
- ✓ Maximum pressure, High
- ✓ Expansion pressure, Low

Gas Shut Down

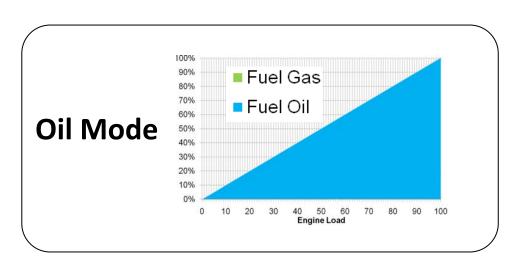
※Changeover to oil mode

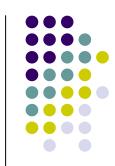




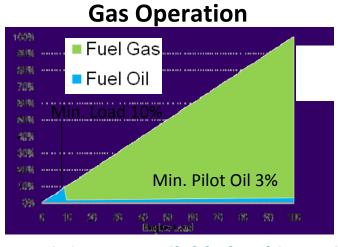


3.1.6 Operation Mode



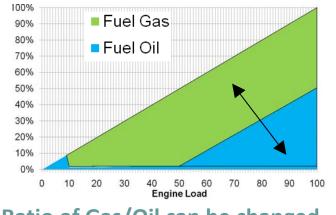


Gas Mode



Minimum available load is 10%

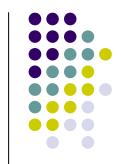
SDF (Specified Dual Fuel) Operation



3.1.7 Demonstration Results

7th,April,2013

Demonstrational operation for ME-GI held in cooperation with Mitsui OSK Lines, Ltd..

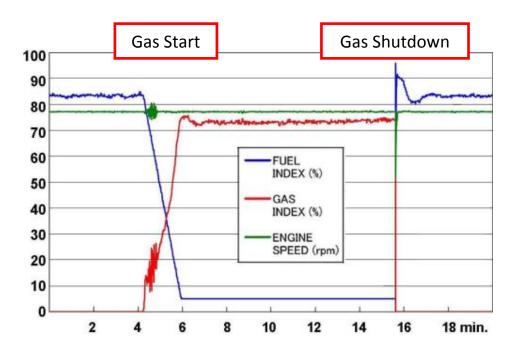


The demonstration proves

- production capability of ME-GI itself

- established integrated control system including a gas supply system

for shop trial facility



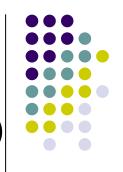


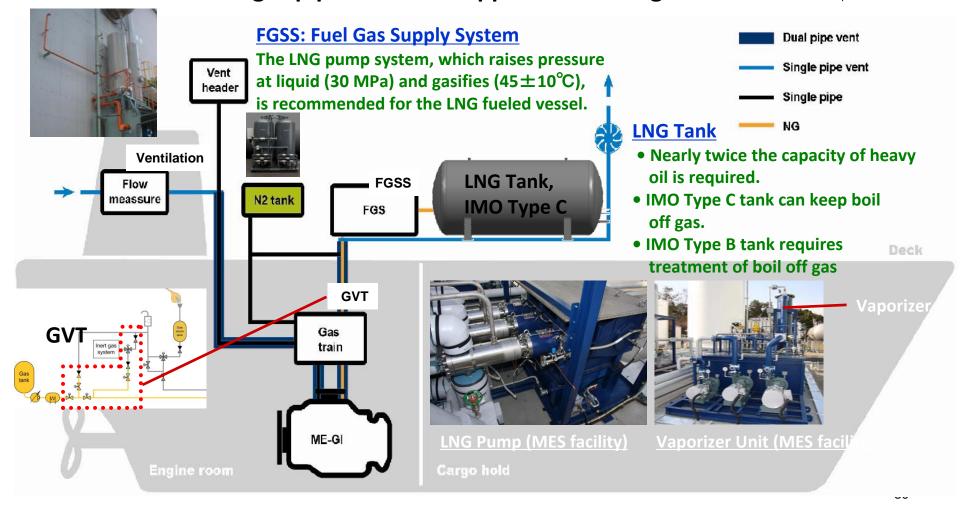


3.1.8 Hull Side Equipments

LNG Fueled Vessel

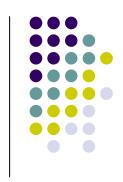
To be designed according to guideline for gas fueled vessel (IGF Code) The double wall gas pipe should be applied in the engine room.





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3.2.1 What is ME-LGI?

ME-LGI engines Designed for Liquid Gas

Why Liquid Gas?
Liquid Gas is Low Flash Point Fuel (LFL)
To meet SOx Limits

- 1) Low Sulphur Fuels ••• Expensive
- 2) HFO with SOx scrubbers • Large space
- 3) Low Flash Point Fuels ••• Lower emission (CO2 PM etc.)
- All ME-C/B engines are available in the LGI version capable of using LPG or methane
- ME-GI technologies applied (Dual Fuel)
- Same power output and efficiency as the ME C/B engines.
- LGI use Diesel Cycle ->Negligible gas-fuel slip



3.2.2 LNG & LFL



| Gas Fuels | Know as | Supply condition | Supply pressure | Supply temperature |
|-------------------|--------------------|---------------------|--------------------|--------------------|
| CH4 | LNG, NG Methane | Gas | 300 bar | Appox. 45 deg C |
| C2H6 | LEG Ethane | Gas | 600 bar | Appox. 70 deg C |
| Propane & Buthane | LPG | Liquid | 30-40 bar | Appox. 45 deg C |
| C2H5OH | Ethanol | Liquid | 8 bar | Appox. 35 deg C |
| СНЗОН | Methanol | Liquid | 8 bar | Appox. 35 deg C |

