



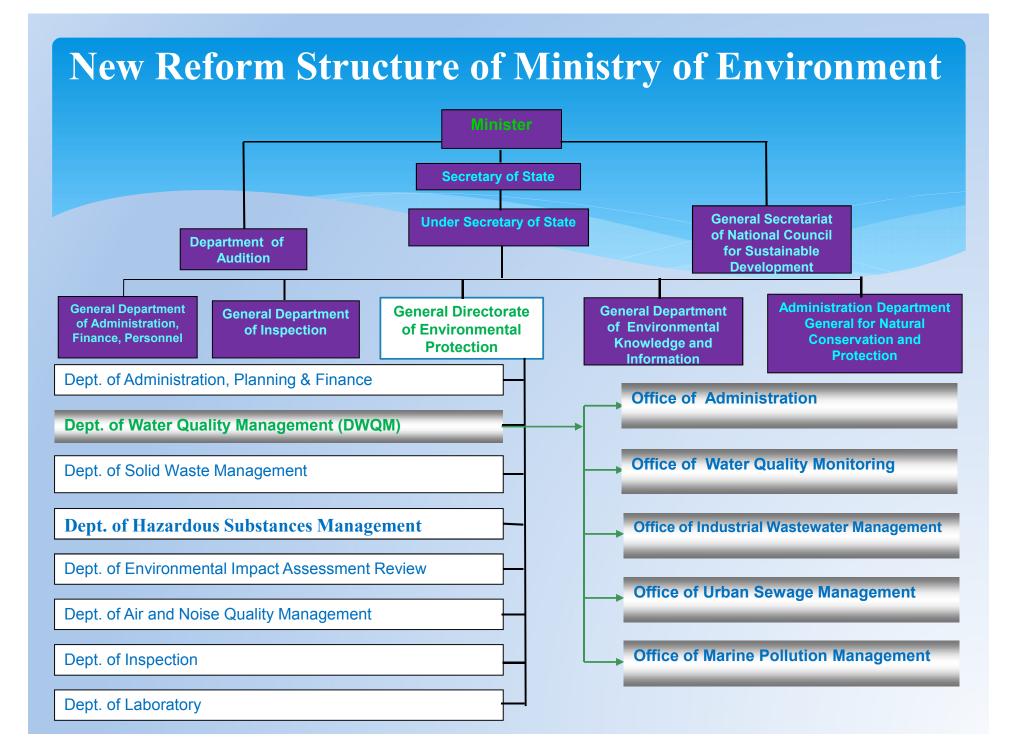
#### "Water Environment and Wastewater Management" CAMBODIA 13 December, 2017 in Yangon city, Myanmar

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#### **Role and Responsibility of DWQM**

> Develop draft of Policy, Planning and Budget;

- Develop technical guideline, and standards for water environmental protection;
- > Control, monitoring and evaluation of state of water quality;
- Control wastewater treatment facility and pollution sources;
- Disseminate to pollution source's owners about environmental legislations;
- Prepare technical standards for sewage treatment plant's construction,

#### **Role and Responsibility of DWQM**

- Review and command the application form for wastewater discharging permit;
- Study, research and dissemination to publics about the release of type, dose and theirs danger of pollutant water environmental quality;
- Collect and compile data on pollution sources, water quality and pollutant, released to public water areas;
- > Prepare report on the state of water environment;
- > Prepare monthly, three monthly, and annual report.

#### Institutional reform and roles are responsible

- Over the past few years, the Ministry of the Environment has modernized the institution;
- Identified roles and responsibilities that bring positive and negative consequences;
- Lack of human resources and skills yet to respond to roles, duties and workload
- It takes time to improve and develop skills in line with work criteria and responsibilities
- However, it is still constrains overlap responsibility between organizations, concerned ministries as well.

#### **Legal Instrument**

 In Cambodia, water reused and desalination technology have not widely disseminated and applied in the industrial sector yet.

•Legal instrument in placed does not response to the current industrial development (Ex: special economic zone and as well as industrial factory construction area regulation )

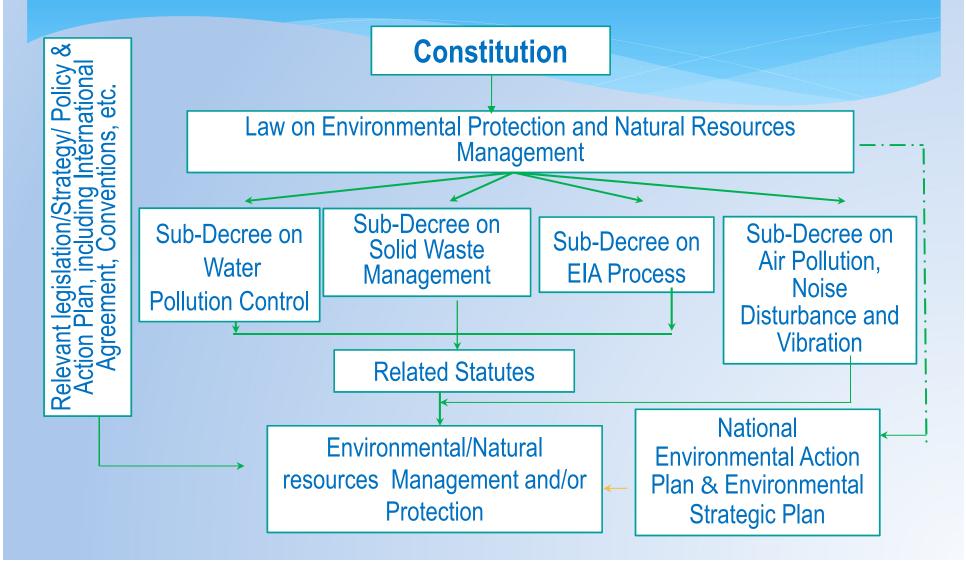
The Sub-decrees on Water Pollution Control in 1999 Needed to Be Improved, Respond to Growth, Textile Industry

•The Sub-decrees depend on the national strategy plan and guidelines which have to be established as soon as possible

•It is imperative to establish additional sub-decrees and legal provisions for response mechanisms, gaps and constraints.

- \* Legal instruments is not enough response to industrial and Municipal development, especially for decentralization and deconcentration from National Level to Provincial and Local Level
- Based on these challenges, MoE cooperated with inter-ministries, and NGOs to propose New Law Environmental Code as well as Subdecrees on Electronic Waste Management, Sub-decrees on Plastic Waste
- \* Sub-decrees on Municipal Waste Management and Sewage System and Sewage Treatment Management, the aim of these sub-decrees to push the reform decentralization and deconcentration implementation.

# Policy & Relevant Legislation for Environmental Management



#### Resources

- Shortage of controlling equipment for monitoring
- MoE Laboratory capacity is still limited (we need to be improve and develop it)
- Shortage of financial constraints for operating works (field monitoring)
- Insufficiency of experts, especially, in the field of water environment and wastewater management,
- Raising awareness to public and private participation
- Lacking of WWTP and the use of combined sewer system

#### **Network and Participation**

- Requirement of technical support/cooperation from international communities and other donor, including technological transfer, internal and external networking and experience exchange;
- Local and international networking, for instance, data and information dissemination and exchange is limited;
- Advocate to gain insight and support in public participation from the private sector in managing the water environment and industrial wastewater is very limited.

### Opinion on the draft action items of AWaP

- \* Components of the strategic action plan for Asia Wastewater Management Partnership (AWaP)
  - \* I: Participating countries handled the need to further the implementation of the Framework Program, particular on the following areas:
    - 1. Policies and legislation;
    - 2. Sub-regional coordinating mechanism;
    - 3. Information sharing system;
    - 4. Capacity building;
    - 5. Research and development;
    - 6. Sustainable financing and
    - 7. Partnerships with stakeholders

8. Set up National and Sub-regional AWaP Action Plan linked with WEPA Action Plan

# Opinion on the draft action items of AWaP (cont.)

- II. Given the above concerns, strategy goals have been developed within seven SAP components, as follows:
  - Strategic Goal 1: Enhance Policy and Regulatory Environment for wastewater management
  - Strategic Goal 2: Strengthen Sub-regional Coordinating Mechanism
  - \* Strategic Goal 3: Promote Wastewater Management Planning from Sub-regional to Local Level
  - \* Strategic Goal 4: Strengthen Information and Resource Sharing System
  - \* Strategic Goal 5: Implement a Comprehensive Capacity Development Program
  - \* Strategic Goal 6: Promote Joint Research and Development
  - \* Strategic Goal 7: Promote Collaborative Arrangement and Partnership
  - \* Strategic Goal 8: Increase Access to Sustainable Financing

## Opinion on the draft action items of AWaP (cont.)

- \* **Vision:** Establishment of Asia Wastewater Management Partnership (AWaP) and the Partner Countries and other stakeholders working together, and committed to a Partnership aimed at enhancing national and sub-regional capacities to prevent, control, combat and mitigate water pollution and to promote technical cooperation and collaboration.
- \* **Mission:** To enhance national and sub-regional capabilities concerning Water Pollution prevention, technology transfer, exchange of information, joint research and development projects, training, mutual assistance in response, collaborative arrangements, partnership building and implementation

# Opinion on the draft action items of AWaP (cont.)

 Guiding Principles: Take a cooperative and shared approach
Strengthen partnership among governments, industry players and other stakeholders in building sub-regional, national and local capacity in the aspect wastewater management.

# Other Ideas and Expectation for the Action items of AWaP

1. Information Sharing and Networking through meeting:

It should be more focus on Raising Awareness and Capacity Building for Provincial and local level (National Reform Policy for Decentralization and Deconcentration);

2. Provide Practical Knowledge and know-how through Information Platform:

Online capacity building to improve awareness and knowledge and technology transfer on wastewater management;

3. Conduct Co-Projects to Tackle with Common Issues: Sharing experiences and lesson learnt visa visiting successful countries.

# Ideas for Effective Collaboration between WEPA and AWaP

- \* It should be parallel roadmap between WEPA and AWaP for Collaboration;
- Learn about the needs of each country and exchanging experiences;
- Strengthen and raise awareness of wastewater management techniques

# Ideas for Effective Collaboration between WEPA and AWaP (cont.)

- Should provide opportunities for Asian countries to carry out pilot projects on wastewater management ( from industries and municipal sewage)
- \* Annual meeting AWaP contact point members with WEPA and ASEAN to update and adopt action plan

# **Activities of Water Quality Monitoring**









#### **Monitoring Activity at Pollution Sources**



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