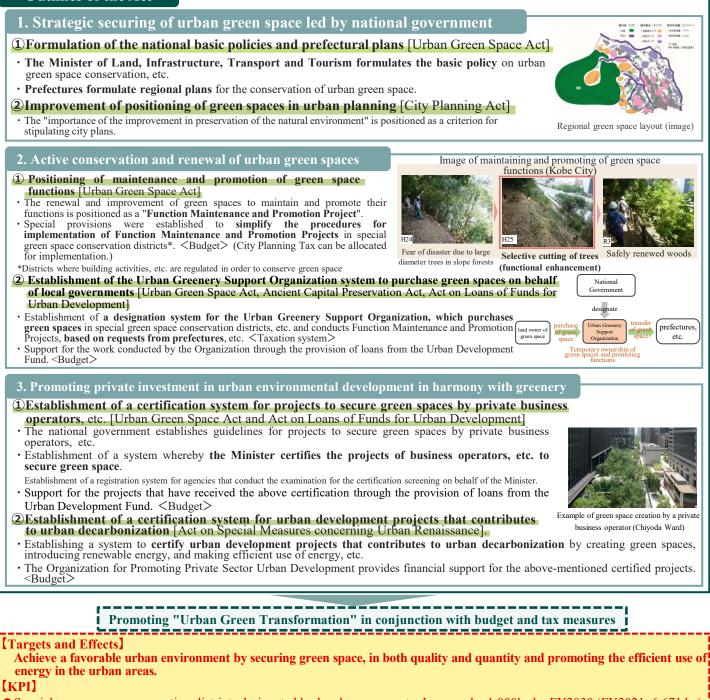
## • Act Partially Amending the Urban Green Space Act

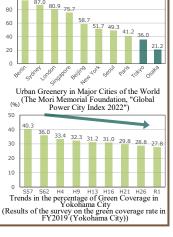
## **Background and Necessity**

- Compared to the rest of the world, the amount of green space in Japan's urban areas is low and declining.
- Rising expectations for the functions of green spaces aiming at solving the issues, such as addressing climate change, ensuring biodiversity, and improving well-being.
- Tendency towards increasing private investment in the environmental sector, such as ESG investment.
- > For taking necessary measures to secure urban green spaces in both quality and quantity, including enhancing of green space networks,
  - Local governments face financial constraints and a lack of expertise in the improvement and management of green spaces; and
  - Private sectors, recognizing green spaces rarely generate profit, also make limited efforts to secure green spaces.
  - It is also important to **promote efforts for efficient energy use**, etc. in order to promote decarbonization in urban areas.

## Outlines of the Act



- Special green space conservation districts designated by local governments: Increase by 1,000ha by FY2030 (FY2021: 6,671 ha)
  Number of certified projects to secure green space by private business operators, etc.: 300 by FY2030



100