Gasen-dō Hall

The Gasen-dō Hall is a small, unassuming building tucked away in a grove of Japanese maples near Hōjō Pond in the southwest corner of the temple grounds. The hall was donated in 1914 by distinguished artist Suzuki Shonen (1848–1918), the secondgeneration head of the Suzuki school of art. The hall's interior and ceiling are decorated with artwork by Shōnen's eldest son, Suzuki Shōsen (1872–1925), and Sekiguchi Yuki (1923–2008), a landscape artist who was active during the period following World War II. Art from the Suzuki school is most immediately identifiable by the "loose" brushwork adopted from *nanga*, or paintings in the Southern Chinese style. The ceiling, painted by Shōsen, features a rendition of a heavenly dragon (tenryūzu), a motif that is said to protect the temple from fire. Images of heavenly dragons can be seen at many temples in Kyoto, including at Tenryūji Temple, where a version was painted by Shōnen. The front section of the hall's interior bears a painting of the mountains where Amida Buddha is said to descend from the Pure Land. The image is flanked by a pair of paintings titled "Moondrops" (Tsuki no Shizuku, right) and "Shadows" (Kage, left). All three pieces were painted by Sekiguchi. The hall is closed during most of the year, but from November to early December the doors are opened for a special exhibition of the artwork.